

**Amendments to the Specification:**

Please replace the 2<sup>ND</sup> paragraph in the DETAILED DESCRIPTION on page 4 with the following amended paragraph.

The camera support assembly 10 includes a Z-shape rod 16, a camera support 18 and a rod support guide 20, as shown in Figs. 1-3 2-8. The Z-shape rod 16 includes a handle section 22, a middle section 24 and a camera support section 26. The handle, middle and camera support sections 22, 24, 26 together form the Z-shape of the Z-shape rod 16. The Z-shape rod 16 has a bottom end 28 at the camera support section 26 and a top end 30 at the handle section 22. The Z-shape rod 16 is hollow, which forms a rod passage 32 from a bottom opening 34 at the bottom end 28 to a top opening 36 at the top end 30. The Z-shape rod 16 is hollow to allow wiring needed for the camera 12 to run from the camera 12, through the Z-shape rod 16, and out the handle section 22.

Please replace the 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph in the DETAILED DESCRIPTION on page 4 with the following amended paragraph.

Figs. 4-8 show a two piece Z-shape rod 16 designed to break down for ease of transport. The Z-shape rod 16 breaks down at the middle section 22 at about the midway point of the middle section 22, forming a handle section piece 42 and a camera section piece 44. The handle section piece 42 includes a female end 46 48 at the middle section 22. The camera section piece 44 includes a female end 48 46 at the middle section 22. The female end 48 inserts over ~~into~~ the male end 46 to assemble the two pieces of the Z-shape rod 16. The female end 48 includes a plurality of pairs of aligned holes 50 aligned to receive a quick release pin 52. The male end 46 includes a plurality of ~~paired~~ aligned holes 50. When the Z-shape rod 16 is assembled, one set of the pairs of aligned holes 50 of the female end 46 48 are aligned with the pair of aligned holes 50 of the female end 48 46. The quick release pin 52 is inserted into all of the aligned holes 50 of the two assembled pieces to secure the two pieces of the Z-shape rod 16 together. The plurality of pairs of aligned

holes 50 allows different positioning of the handle section piece 43 in relation to the camera section piece 44, as shown in Figs. 7-8.

Please replace the 5<sup>th</sup> paragraph in the DETAILED DESCRIPTION on page 6 with the following amended paragraph.

The camera support 18 is connected to the bottom end 28 at the camera support section 26, as shown in Fig. 9. The camera support 18 is shown as two brackets 56. Each bracket 56 has a first end 58 secured to the bottom end 54 at the camera support section 26, while a second end 60 of each bracket 56 holds the camera 12. The camera 12 is rotatably mounted to the second ends 60 of the brackets 56 to allow rotation of the camera 12 by the actuator 14. A wire 62 is shown extending from the camera 12 and into the bottom opening 34 of the bottom end 28 at the camera support section 26. The rod support guide 20 is shown in detail in Figs. 9-12. The rod support guide 20 includes a skid plate 64 and a support column 66. The support column 66 extends upward from the center of the skid plate 64 and supports the bottom end 28 of the Z-shape rod 16 at the camera support section 26. The support column 66 is shown having a U-shape cutout 68 at a top of the support column 66. The U-shape cutout 68 acts as a cradle to hold the camera support section 26 above the skid plate 64. The camera support section 26 includes two cradle collars 70 attached near the bottom end 28 at the camera support section 26. The two cradle collars 70 create a cradle section 72 along the camera support section 26, which is between the two cradle collars 70. The cradle section 72 is placed in the U-shape cutout 68. A strap 74 is used to secure the camera support section 26 in the U-shape cutout 68, which in turns retains the skid plate 64 to the Z-shape rod 16. The straps 74 retains the camera support section 26, yet allows rotation about the cradle section 72 of the camera support section 26. The camera 12 can be rotated in the B direction by moving the handle section 22 left or right, when the skid plate 64 is resting against a surface 76, as shown in Fig. 10. The straps 74 is fastened to the sides of the support column 66 using hook and loop fasteners on the ends of the straps 74 and on the support column 66. The cradle collars 70 attached to the camera support section 26 are used to prevent forward or reward movement of the camera support section 26 in the U-shape cutout 68.

Please replace the 11<sup>th</sup> paragraph in the DETAILED DESCRIPTION on page 9 with the following amended paragraph.

The use of the camera support assembly 10 and actuator 14 is as follows. The camera 12 is rotatably attached to the camera support section 26. The wiring is used to operate the camera 12. The wiring runs from the camera 12 into the bottom end 28 of the Z-shape rod 16, up through the rod passage 32 and out of the collar end 108 of the actuator shaft 100. The wiring is attached to camera 12 in such a way that the wire can be used to pull on the camera 12 and rotate the camera 12 when pulled. There are many wiring setups that can be used to employ the wiring as a means to rotate the camera 12. Fig. 22 shows one wiring setup as an example. Shown is the camera 12 attached in a straight-on position to the brackets 56. There is a spring cable 130, and camera wire 132 ~~and main wire 134~~ associated with the wiring of the camera 12. Both the camera wire 132 and the spring cable 130 are attached between the camera 12 and a terminal 136. The terminal 136 is connected to the a main wire 134 shown in Fig. 21, which continues on up the rod passage 32 to the actuator 14. The spring cable 130 is connected to the camera 12 by a pulley 138 and spring 140 combination. The pulley 138 is fixed to the camera 12 and rotates with the camera 12. The spring cable 130 is fixed about and to the pulley 138 and continues on and is also attached to the spring 140. The spring 140 is connected to the bottom end 28 of the Z-shape rod 16. When the main wire 134 is pulled, the spring cable 130 is pulled and rotates the pulley 138, which in turns rotates a lens end 142 of the camera 12 upward. When the main wire 134 is released, the spring 140 pulls the pulley 138 back to it original position and hence the camera 12 back to a straight-on position. A stop (not shown) is used to retain the pulley 138 and camera 12 from rotating downward due to the tension of the spring 140.